

**AHMES SECONDARY SCHOOL**  
**GENERAL STUDIES FORM-VI HOLIDAY PACKAGE: DECEMBER 2021**

1. In six points, explain how a country can promote religious tolerance for maintenance of peace and harmony.
2. Analyze the impacts of Education with work as proposed by Nyerere's philosophy
3. Explain how Nyerere's philosophy of socialism identified itself with the poor and oppressed.
4. Non-secular states seem to be nothing rather than perpetuating subordination of crucial manifestation of democracy. Prove the aforementioned statement by using six points.
5. "From 1990's Tanzania diverted her philosophical foundation from socialism to liberal philosophy". By providing six points, show the economic, social and political effects of that philosophical diversion
6. As a citizen of Tanzania, why do you think religious tolerance is paramount? Give six points
7. In six points, argue for the statement that "education based on passing examinations alone is inadequate for the realities and needs of Tanzania to day".
8. Provide six objectives of the Arusha declaration of 1967 in Tanzania.
9. Elaborate six factors that led to failure of the Arusha declaration in Tanzania.
10. The failure of Ujamaa philosophy was due to internal rather than external factors. Justify the statement by giving six points.
11. Explain the socio-economic importance of liberalism philosophy in modern world.
12. With examples, prove the statement that "socialism philosophy hinders democratic activities". Provide six points.
13. Elaborate on the main causes and effects of religious movements all over the world. Give six points
14. In six points, explain the effects resulting from the failure to adhere to religious tolerance in various countries.
15. Explain the major principles of Nyerere's Ujamaa philosophy. Give six points.
16. Religion is an exploitative tool made and designed by people for their own benefits. Justify this statement basing on Karl Marx's view on Religion by providing six points
17. The United States of Africa proposed by Nkrumah and Nyerere is a hypothetical concept of federation of some or all sovereign states on the continent of Africa. Explain six challenges facing African states towards the creation of a United States of Africa.
18. In six points, argue for the statement that "the study of philosophy is relevant and useful in our daily life."