

**AHMES SECONDARY SCHOOL
FORM SIX HOLIDAY PACKAGE**

REVIEW QUESTIONS IN STYLISTICS AND COMMUNICATION.

PART 1.

1. (a). Define the following stylistic terms.
 - i. Province
 - ii. Register
 - iii. Slang
 - iv. Setting
 - v. Jargon

- (b). write stylistic term for each of the following sentences:
 - i. An expression of the meaning easier to understand
 - ii. The study of the way of writing of a language.
 - iii. The persuasive way of communicating information that is non-personal and through various media on product or services.
 - iv. The idealized knowledge of a language based on the rules and appropriate use of the language by the ideal speaker or hearer.
 - v. The use of words or expression which is gentle or less direct than the one which is normally used to express something which is painful or embarrassing.

2. (a). What determines the level of formality of a discourse?
(b). Write five distinctive features of religious language.

3. (a). What is a public speaking? Elaborate on the four linguistic features of public speaking.
(b). describe five stylistic features of legal language.

4. Imagine you witnessed a bank robbery at your local NMB Branch, and you think there is a need to inform your friend called Tetele of the incident.
 - i. Write a letter to your friend informing him/her of the bank robbery. Your name is Sanduku Janja.
 - ii. What type of variety has been used in the letter?
 - iii. Write down eight characteristic features of the type of language stated in (ii) above.

5. Read careful the following extracts, A and B, and then answer the questions that follow.

Extract A

“I, Mariam take thee Musa to be my wedded husband, to have and to hold from this day forward, for better for worse, for richer for poor, in sickness and health, to love, cherish, and obey, till death do us part, according to God’s holy ordinance, and there do I give thee my troth”

Extract B

In traditional system, the mean erythrocyte hemoglobin concentration was called “mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration” abbreviated to MCHC and was expressed as a percentage. It was calculated by dividing the hemoglobin concentration of the blood in grams per 100ml by the packed cell volume as a percentage and multiplying by 100. Example: hemoglobin concentration 15.0g/100ml; packed cell volume, 43%; mean corpuscular haemoglobin concentration = (15/43).

QUESTIONS:

- i. With two reasons, say to what province each of them belongs.
- ii. Give five stylistic features of the language used to each extract above. Provide examples from the extracts.

PART 2.

1. (a). As a principal speaker prepare a debate speech in support of a motion that states **“Compulsory military service after form 6 is very useful”** some points raised are like it prepares youth to help in national defence, it instills self-confidence and discipline, it brings about respect for everybody as it irons out arrogance among the educated youth, it enables young men and women to learn trades which may might not have a chance to learn otherwise and it helps to alleviate the problem of unemployment.
 - (b) Show how any five cohesive devices used in your speech have facilitated a logical flow of your ideas.
2. (a) Write short notes on the following stylistics terminologies.
 - i. Tenor
 - ii. Province
 - iii. Domain
 - iv. Mode of discourse
 - v. Idiolect
 - (b). List down five main aspects of formal and informal language. Describe their differences.
3. Imagine you witnessed a certain official building burning and even took some initiatives to inform the fire Brigade using nearby telephone booth.
 - a) Write one page dialogue between you and your friend who is just interested to know what happened. You are Atata and your friend is Atoto.
 - b) Write a concise report to appear in the “DAILY NEWS” or “SUNDAY NEWS” describing the incident.
 - c) With clear examples, identify five categories of status.
4. (a) Write briefly the differences on the following stylistic terms:
 - i. Colloquialism and slang
 - ii. Code-switching and Code-mixing
 - iii. Medium and code
 - iv. Standard English and non-standard English
 - v. Pidgin and creole
 - vi. British and American English

- (b) Provide the answers with reference to the nature of explanation given.
 - i. Many students have a tendency of trespassing the school grounds. Make a public notice to advise them to refrain from the habit.
 - ii. You noticed an intruder at a party you are hosting. Suggest two ways you would tell him to go out without making him feels offended or embarrassed.
5. Imagine you saw a fastmoving car knock down a child who was standing near the road. Due to whatever reason, you helped rush the child to the nearest hospital, still remembering the car's registration number. Eventually through your help the driver is caught, arrested and charged accordingly.
- a) As a witness to the case, write a short account of the incident to the court magistrate.
 - b) Write a one (1) page dialogue between you and your intimate friend on the state of the affected child from just before the accident to the moment you left the hospital. Incidentally, the child died of internal haemorrhage.

PART 3.

- 1. (a) What are the six characteristic features of informal language?
 - (b) Write five graphological features of legal language.
- 2. (a) Compare and contrast spontaneous speech and non-spontaneous speech.
 - (b) Write short notes on the following linguistic terms:
 - i. Intimate style
 - ii. Medium
 - iii. Common core English
 - iv. Register
 - v. Cliché
- 3. (a) Define the following terms as used in communication
 - i. Code
 - ii. Mood
 - iii. Jargon
 - iv. Slang
 - v. Colloquial language
 - (b) What do you understand by the following stylistic features terms?
 - i. Graphological
 - ii. Syntactic
 - iii. Lexical
 - iv. Phonological
 - v. Semantic
- 4. (a) Explain with examples, five variables determining the level of formality of a language.
 - (b) Write short notes on the following:
 - i. Impersonal language
 - ii. Variety
 - iii. Rhetorical questions
 - iv. Style
 - v. Archaisms

5. Read the following extracts carefully and answer questions that follow.

EXTRACT A

Woman slaughters Boy,9, Over 100/- Debt.

EXTRACT B

English Language Course

The English language institute offers three (3) – twelve (12) weeks full time block courses during the year and six (6) weeks course for school-leavers during January and February each year. Students wishing to begin their studies at Victoria University in March normally enroll for ELIN 933.

EXTRACT C

BLESSED is he who considers the poor.

The LORD will deliver him in time of trouble.

The Lord will preserve him and keep alive and he will be blessed on the earth.

QUESTIONS

- a) Say to which province each one belongs
- b) Explain the five stylistic features of each province
- c) Give a reason for using each those features.

PART 4.

1. (a) Read the following extract carefully and answer the questions.
Toxic substance found in water polluted by human activity frequently include synthetic compounds such as solvents (carbon tetrachloride, chloroform, benzene) and insecticides, the best known of which is dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane, or DDT.
 - i. Say to which province this extract belongs.
 - ii. Explain with three examples the stylistic features used in this extract.
 - iii. Give three reasons for using these features.
- (b) Carefully study each of the text given below and say what kind of writing each one is. Identify two stylistic feature for each kind.
 - i. The fate of the Indian tiger has not been caused by guns alone. In nature all forms of life depend on each other. the soil provides food for plants. Plants provide food for animals like deer. And deer provide food for hunter animals like tiger.....
 - ii. He was a man, stooping narrow-shouldered, clay-faced creature. His age might have been anything between 50 and 70. His nightcap was of funnel, and so was the nightgown that he wore instead of coat and waistcoat, over his ragged shirt. He was long unshaved....
 - iii. The morning was grey and cold as I came downstairs for breakfast that last day of term and I shivered a little as I pulled on my sweater before sitting down to breakfast....

- iv. A man of words and not of deeds. It's like a garden full of weeds and when the weeds begin to grow it's like a garden full of snow...
2. (a) Human communication is two-way process.
This means the sender responds to some internal **stimulus**, he **encodes** the message in a particular **code** and sends it through a **channel**. The receiver decodes the message, responds and sends **feedback**.

Question

Explain what the underlined and bolded concepts mean.

- (b) *“of course ni obvious kwamba mtu hawezi kukushambulia without any sound reasons. Ni lazima kulikuwa na some motivation behind... anyway, tutasikiliza case yako”*

Questions

- i. Comment on the language use exemplified in the text above.
 - ii. Give reasons why language can sometimes be used in the way it is in the text above.
3. Language varies according to situational constraints. Discuss this statement by giving examples from English language.
4. Imagine that you are one of the street children living at Huruma centre.
- i. Write a one (1) page report saying how you came to live at the centre and also why you ran away from home.
 - ii. Mention three stylistic features employed in your report.
 - iii. Give reasons for using each of the above stylistic features.
5. (a) Give five orthographic differences between American English and British English.
- (b) To which category of status does each of the following greetings belong?
- i. Hi, guys, Good morning.
 - ii. We beseech thee, O Almighty God.
 - iii. How are things?
 - iv. Hello, Charles.
 - v. Hello, Sir David Brown.

PART 5.

1. (a) Explain each of the following variables can affect language use.
- i. Setting
 - ii. Status
 - iii. Age
 - iv. Medium
 - v. Time
- (b) Show five differences between market language and religious language.

2. Imagine that the letter written below was sent to you. Read it carefully and then answer the questions that follow:

Makanga Girls' Sec. School,
P.O. Box 240,
Newala.
2nd October, 2021.

The manager,
The superfine Shirt Co.Ltd,
P.O. Box 255,
Isongo.

Dear Sir,

RE: THE ORDER FOR SUPPLY OF SHIRTS.

With reference to the caption above, we sent you on 25th September, 2021 an order for supply of shirts for students, but although you replied immediately promising delivery within a week or 10 days, we have heard nothing further of the order.

This long delay has caused us considerable inconvenience and we must ask you to let us know immediately by telegram if we may expect the goods within a week. Otherwise, we shall have to cancel the order and place it elsewhere.

If we cannot be assured of more prompt attention to our orders, we shall have to place them with a company which can give more satisfactory services.

Yours faithfully,

—*Mmksng*

Mrs. M. Kasongo.
Headmistress

- i. Write a reply by telegram using not more than 14 words.
 - ii. Comment the language used in the letter.
 - iii. Give five stylistic features used in letter above.
3. Write your Curriculum Vitae (CV). Your name is Baraka Kayombo.
4. a) Give short notes on the following terms:
- i. A proverb
 - ii. Preface
 - iii. Hyperbole
 - iv. Ending of friendly letter
 - v. Legal language
- b) Show five differences between spoken and written language.
5. Comment on language use in each of the following expressions:
- a) On your marks!.....Get ready!.....Go!
 - b) OBSERVE SILENCE PLEASE
 - c) I declare you husband and wife
 - d) RESTRICTED AREA
 - e) A person is not deemed to have killed another if the death of that person does not take place within a year and a day of the cause of the death.

PART 6.

1. a. What is scientific language? Give three characteristics of scientific language.
- b. Write short notes on the following concepts:
 - i. Medium
 - ii. Status
 - iii. Intimacy
 - iv. Register
 - v. Jargon
2. Read the following extracts carefully, and identify the stylistic differences between them.

EXTRACT A

What would you think if you saw a policeman trying to hold a car back? He can't do it because he's no match for it. Paul said, "Be stronger in the Lord and in the power of his might." The policeman doesn't use his own strength. He's strong in the authority that given to him. You can step right out there before the devil, hold up your hand and tell him not to come any farther. Use your authority.

EXTRACT B

Without attached meaning speech sounds are only grunts and groans or meaningless strings of words. The relationship all the linguistic forms, individual sounds, meaningful units, and the combination of these units is specified by the rules of language. Language can be defined as socially shared code or conventional system for presenting concepts through the use of arbitrary symbols and rule governed combinations of those symbols.

3. Read the following text and answer the questions that follow after it:

It has been noted with concern that the stock of books in the library has been declining alarmingly. Students are asked to remind themselves of the rules for the borrowing and returning of books, and bear in mind the needs of other students. Penalties for overdue books will in the future be strictly enforced.

- i. Identify the context in which it has been taken.
 - ii. What is the source of information?
 - iii. Outline the stylistic features of the text.
4. State the difference between:
 - i. Polite language and familiar language
 - ii. Formal language and informal language
 - iii. Literal language and literary language
 - iv. Written language and spoken language
 - v. Slang and common core language
 5. a. Why do people advertise? Give five reasons.
 - b. Give five characteristic features of the language of advertisement.